Technical Secretariat



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NOTE BY THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL

STATUS OF LABORATORIES DESIGNATED FOR THE ANALYSIS OF AUTHENTIC SAMPLES

- 1. The Conference of the States Parties at its First Session established the conditions under which laboratories may seek designation (C-I/DEC.60, 61, 62, and 65, all dated 22 May 1997), and at its Fifth Session (C-V/6, dated 19 May 2000) mandated the Executive Council to take a decision regarding guidelines on the designation of laboratories for the analysis of authentic samples (EC-XX/DEC.3, dated 28 June 2000).
- 2. When designating laboratories for the analysis of authentic samples, and in accordance with C-I/DEC.61 and C-I/DEC.65, the Director-General takes the following into account:
 - (a) whether the laboratory has established a quality system in accordance with the relevant standards (ISO/IEC 17025:2005, ILAC-G 13:2000, or equivalent) and has a valid accreditation by an internationally recognised accreditation body for the tasks for which it is seeking designation—namely, for the analysis of chemical-warfare agents and related compounds in various types of samples; and
 - (b) whether the laboratory has performed successfully in the OPCW's proficiency-testing programme.
- 3. A laboratory must participate in the proficiency-testing programme at least once per calendar year. According to subparagraph 4(d) of the Annex to C-I/DEC.65, a rating of three A's, or two A's and one B, on a laboratory's three most recent consecutive tests, shall be regarded as constituting a successful performance.
- 4. If a designated laboratory performs unsuccessfully in a proficiency test, it is temporarily suspended. When this happens, the laboratory remains designated but, in accordance with EC-XX/DEC.3, will no longer be selected by the Director-General to receive and analyse authentic samples from the OPCW. However, it may perform other tasks, as set out in C-I/DEC.67.

- 5. Following the completion of the Eighteenth Official OPCW Proficiency Test, the Director-General wishes to inform Member States of the current status of the laboratories that have been designated for the analysis of authentic samples. Nineteen laboratories from 18 Member States have been designated, and one of these has been temporarily suspended.
- 6. In accordance with EC-XX/DEC.3, the Laboratory for Chemical Weapons Convention Verification, Military Institute of Chemistry and Radiometry, Republic of Poland and the Swedish Defence Research Agency (FOI), Division of NBC-Defence, Sweden regained their designation after the Eighteenth Official OPCW Proficiency Test.
- 7. The 19 designated laboratories are listed below.

	Designated Laboratory	Member State				
1.	Defence Laboratories Department (DLD)	Belgium				
2.	The Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry, Research Institute of Chemical Defence (RICD)	China				
3.	Research Institute for Organic Syntheses, Centre of Ecology, Toxicology and Analytics	Czech Republic [*]				
4.	Finnish Institute for Verification of the Chemical Weapons Convention (VERIFIN)	Finland				
5.	Centre d'Etudes du Bouchet (CEB)	France				
6.	Wehrwissenschaftliches Institut für Schutztechnologien – ABC-Schutz	Germany				
7.	VERTOX Laboratory	India				
/.	Defence Research & Development Establishment					
8.	TNO Defence, Security and Safety	Netherlands				
9.	Laboratory for Chemical Weapons Convention Verification, Military Institute of Chemistry and Radiometry	Poland				
10.	Chemical Analysis Laboratory, CB Department, Agency for Defence Development	Republic of Korea				
11.	The Laboratory for the Chemical and Analytical Control of the Military University for Radioactive, Chemical and Biological Protection	Russian Federation				
12.	Verification Laboratory, Centre for Chemical Defence (CCD), DSO National Laboratories	Singapore				
13.	Protechnik Laboratories (Pty) Ltd	South Africa				
14.	Laboratorio de Verificación de Armas Químicas, Fabrica Nacional la Marañosa	Spain				

^{*} This laboratory has been temporarily suspended, having performed unsuccessfully in a proficiency test, and will not be considered for the receipt of samples taken for off-site analysis until it again meets the criterion stated in subparagraph 2(b) above.

15.	Swedish Defence Research Agency (FOI), Division of NBC-Defence	Sweden
16.	Spiez Laboratory	Switzerland
17.	Defence Science and Technology Laboratory (Dstl), Chemical and Biological Systems, Porton Down	United Kingdom
18.	Edgewood Chemical and Biological Forensic Analytical Center	United States
19.	Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, University of California	United States

8. The performance ratings of the designated laboratories in official proficiency tests are annexed to this Note.

Annex:

Performance Ratings of Designated Laboratories in Official Proficiency Tests

Annex

PERFORMANCE RATINGS OF DESIGNATED LABORATORIES IN OFFICIAL PROFICIENCY TESTS

Laboratory	Member State	6th (1999)	7th (2000)	8th (2000)	9th (2001)	10th (2001)	11th (2002)	12th (2002)	13th (2003)	14th (2003)	15th (2004)	16th (2004)	17th (2005)	18th (2005)
Defence Laboratories Department (DLD)	Belgium	С	А	А	D	_	А	А	_	А	_	А	_	А
The Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry, Research Institute of Chemical Defence (RICD)	China	С	А	Ι	_	А		А	_	А	А	_	—	А
Research Institute for Organic Syntheses, Centre of Ecology, Toxicology and Analytics	Czech Republic	С	В	А	_	В	Ι	В	_	D	_	В	—	А
Finnish Institute for Verification of the Chemical Weapons Convention (VERIFIN)	Finland	А	А	Ι	_	А	A**	А	_	А	_	А	—	А
Centre d'Etudes du Bouchet (CEB)	France	В	А	_	_	А	А	_	А	_	_	А	_	А
Wehrwissenschaftliches Institut für Schutztechnologien – ABC- Schutz	Germany	В	А	Ι	А	-	A	А	А	_	А		А	_
Defence Research & Development Establishment, VERTOX Laboratory	India	С	В	А	D	D	С	В	А	С	withdrew	А	А	А
TNO Defence, Security and Safety	Netherlands	А	А	А	В	А	_	А	_	А	-	В	_	А
Laboratory for Chemical Weapons Convention Verification, Military Institute of Chemistry and Radiometry	Poland	А	_	А	_	А	_	С	А	_	А	_	_	А

^{**} This score is a result of the satisfactory assistance provided by the laboratory during the proficiency test, but cannot be used to evaluate whether the laboratory can be considered for designation, because this laboratory assisted during a proficiency test in 2001 and that score was subsequently counted for designation (see paragraph 5(c) of C-I/DEC.65, which states that "laboratories cannot use performance rating for preparing the samples or evaluating the analytical results of more than one of their last three consecutive proficiency tests").

Laboratory	Member State	6th (1999)	7th (2000)	8th (2000)	9th (2001)	10th (2001)	11th (2002)	12th (2002)	13th (2003)	14th (2003)	15th (2004)	16th (2004)	17th (2005)	18th (2005)
Chemical Analysis Laboratory, CB Department, Agency for Defence Development	Republic of Korea	С	А	А	В	-	А	А	_	А	А	_	_	В
The Laboratory for the Chemical and Analytical Control of the Military University for Radioactive, Chemical and Biological Protection	Russian Federation	В	А	_	_	С	_	В	_	A	А	_	A	_
Verification Laboratory, Centre for Chemical Defence (CCD), DSO National Laboratories	Singapore	С	_	А	F	А	А	А	-	А	А	_	_	А
Protechnik Laboratories a division of Armscor Business (Pty) Ltd	South Africa	Ι	F	_	-	F	А	_	В	Ι	А	_	Ι	А
Laboratorio de Verificación de Armas Químicas, Fabrica Nacional la Marañosa	Spain	D	Ι	_	-	В	А	А	-	В	_	А	Ι	А
Swedish Defence Research Agency (FOI), Division of NBC Defence	Sweden	В	_	А	_	А	_	С	_	А	_	А	_	В
Spiez Laboratory	Switzerland	В	А	_	_	А	_	А	_	А	А	_	_	А
Defence Science and Technology Laboratory (Dstl), Chemical and Biological Systems, Porton Down	United Kingdom	В	_	А	А	_	A**	А	_	А	_	А	_	А
Edgewood Chemical and Biological Forensic Analytical Center	United States	А	А	_	В	_	А	_	А	_	А	_	A***	А
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, University of California	United States	_	_	_	F	А	А	В	_	А	_	А	_	А

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^{***} This score is a result of the satisfactory assistance provided by the laboratory during the proficiency test, but cannot be used to evaluate whether the laboratory can be considered for designation, because this laboratory assisted during a proficiency test in 2003 and that score was subsequently counted for designation (see paragraph 5(c) of C-I/DEC.65, which states that "laboratories cannot use performance rating for preparing the samples or evaluating the analytical results of more than one of their last three consecutive proficiency tests").