

The OPCW Scientific Advisory Board (SAB) in 2016

The SAB is responsible for providing scientific advice to the Director-General on topics with technical implications.

Topics in 2016

- Isotopically Labeled & Stereoisomers of Scheduled Chemicals
- Sample Stability & Storage
- Chemical Forensics
- Toxicity, Emergency Response & Medical Countermeasures of Chemical Warfare Agents

“To enable the Director-General, in the performance of his functions, to render specialized advice in areas of science and technology relevant to this Convention, to the Conference, the Executive Council or States Parties.”

-CWC Article VIII, Paragraph 21(h)



OPCW SAB with Director-General at their 23rd Session (April 2016)

Recent Reports

Verification



Medical Countermeasures



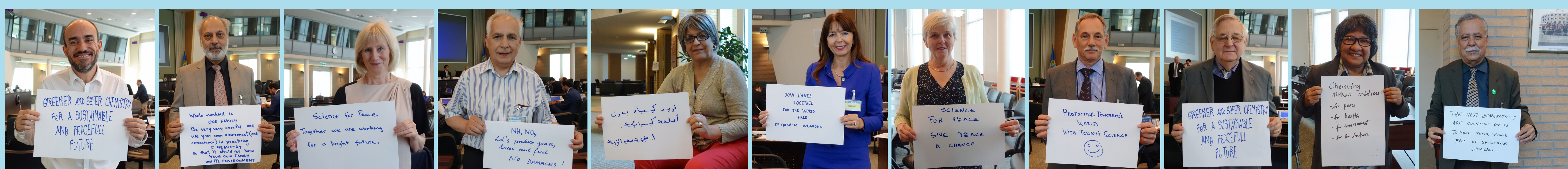
Education and Outreach



Convergence of Chemistry & Biology



Riot Control Agents



Nationalities of the 25 SAB members in 2016



ORGANISATION FOR THE PROHIBITION OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS

Learn more at www.opcw.org/about-opcw/subsidiary-bodies/science-technology/scientific-advisory-board/



Authors: Paja Modry, Thomas dos Reis Faria, Elena Fischer, 2016. Map: Modified from Map No. 4170 Rev. 13, UNITED NATIONS. The boundaries and names shown on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons. The final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined. The dotted line represents approximately the Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties. A dispute exists between the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concerning sovereignty over the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).